

HUSBAND

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr. _____ Place _____
 Marr. _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Bur. _____ Place _____

HUSBAND'S FATHER
HUSBAND'S OTHER WIVES

WIFE

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr. _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Bur. _____ Place _____

WIFE'S FATHER

WIFE'S OTHER
HUSBANDS

SEX M F	CHILDREN List each child (whether living or dead) in order of birth Given Names	WHEN BORN DAY MONTH YEAR	WHERE BORN			DATE OF FIRST MARRIAGE TO WHOM
			TOWN	COUNTY	STATE OR COUNTRY	
1						-----
2						-----
3						-----
4						-----
5						-----
6						-----
7						-----
8						-----
9						-----
10						-----
11						-----

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

OTHER MARRIAGES

Husband
Wife

He is unmarried.

Abram C HATCH

Utah - Storied Domain Vol III pg 387-8

HON. ABRAM C. HATCH of Heber City, who passed away March 24th, 1932, was a veteran business and professional man in the public life of Wasatch County and the state. His home had been in Utah all his life, for over three-quarters of a century, and he was one of the most active of the old-timers in the affairs of his district.

Mr. Hatch was born at Lehi, Utah County, December 14, 1856, son of Abram and Parmelia J. (Lott) Hatch. His father was one of the earliest pioneers of Lehi, and in the course of a long and active life was a merchant, farmer, rancher, and for many years bishop of the Church of the Latter Day Saints. He was the first president of the Wasatch Stake. He died December 3, 1911.

Abram C. Hatch as a boy attended public schools at Lehi and Heber. In 1876, at the age of twenty, he began ranching in Eastern Utah and Western Colorado, raising cattle and horses. In 1879 he established his home at Heber, where he continued in association with his father and brother in the ranch business until 1894. In the meantime there came to him the call of public service. In 1893 he was elected a member of the Legislature from the district comprising Wasatch, Emery and Grand counties. He served

one term of two years. In the meantime he was devoting all his leisure time to the study of law and on February 23, 1895, was admitted to practice before the Utah Supreme Court. During the subsequent thirty-five years he handled a large volume of general law practice and has earned the reputation of a very able lawyer. In 1896 he received the Republican nomination for district judge, getting the nomination in convention by a vote of forty-five to eighteen. He was defeated by just 103 votes. However, the successful candidate resigned in June after his election and Judge Hatch was appointed to fill the unexpired term by the governor. In 1900 he was elected on the Republican ticket district attorney for Wasatch, Utah and Uinta counties, serving one term, and refused reelection. Judge Hatch organized the town of Heber, and served as its attorney for three years. He gave freely of his time and professional services in many ways for the benefit of his locality and district. He helped establish the Heber Light & Power Company. He had an official part in the Republican party organization and in 1929 was prominent in the Ogden Republican Convention. He was a member of the Chamber of Commerce of Heber, the Utah State and American Bar Associations.

Judge Hatch married December 17, 1879, Miss Maria Luke of Heber, daughter of Henry and Harriett Luke, who were early settlers in Sanpete County. Mrs. Hatch passed away March 19, 1919. On April 12, 1920, Judge Hatch married Elizabeth Nelson of Heber. His four children were: Abram Chase, Jr., now deceased; Henry Ray, a prominent physician of Idaho Falls, where he established a well equipped hospital; Sumner, now a member of the board of county commissioners of Wasatch County; and Kate, wife of George C. Murdock, Jr., of Beaver, Utah.

PLACES Sharon Windsor Vi



HUSBAND

Glen M HATCH

Born 27 Sep 1918 Place SCCUChr. 26 Jan 1938 Place Marr. 5 Feb 1983 @ 64 Place Preston,Died Place IdahoBur. Place

HUSBAND'S FATHER

HUSBAND'S OTHER WIVES

WIFE

Nellie SMITH

Born Place Chr. Place Died Place Bur. Place

WIFE'S FATHER

WIFE'S OTHER HUSBANDS

SEX CHILDREN
M Given Names SURNAMES
F

WHEN BORN

DAY MONTH YEAR

TOWN COUNTY STATE
COUNTY1 Glen G
2 Virginia

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

OTHER MARRIAGE

ENTER ALL DATA IN THIS ORDER:

DATES 14 Apr 1794

To indicate that a child is an ancestor of the person submitting the sheet place an 'X' behind the number pertaining to that child

FAMILY GROUP RECORD

Husband

Wife

Ward 1.

Glen M HATCH
Nellie

Glen M. Hatch

1918

GLEN M. HATCH



Glen M. Hatch was born in Salt Lake City on September 27, 1918. Educated in Salt Lake City and Los Angeles public schools, he attended the University of Utah from 1936 to 1941 and 1946 to 1947, graduating with bachelor of science degrees in military science and tactics and a bachelor of laws. He commenced the practice of

377

law in Salt Lake City in 1948 and moved to Heber in 1949, where he has practiced since.

He served as captain in the 189th Field Artillery Battalion, 45th Infantry Division in Africa, Italy, France and Germany during World War II, and was a captain in the 160th Field Artillery Battalion, 45th Infantry Division, during the Korean War.

Mr. Hatch is a member of the VFW, past president of the Heber Lions Club, was Wasatch County attorney from 1952 to 1954, state senator from Wasatch and Duchesne counties from 1956 to 1960, member of the Utah Legislative Council 1956 to 1960, member of the Commission on Uniform State Laws since 1959, and the minority whip of the Utah State Senate in 1959.

His wife is the former Nellie Smith of Salt Lake and they have three children, Glen, Gerald and Virginia Ellen.

Hatch also served as a general council at Mountain Fuel Supply Co. and was ex-Gov. Calvin Rampton's first administrative assistant. He was the initiator of the Mountain State Park in Heber and was responsible for obtaining the building bond to construct the U. of U. law school building.

He was born September 27, 1918, in Salt Lake City, to Glen S. and Virginia Mansfield Hatch. He married Nellie Smith, January 26, 1938, in Preston, Idaho. During World War II, he was a captain in the Army and served in Africa and Europe. In the Korean War, he served for two years in Korea and Japan.

Survivors: include his wife, a son, Glen G., and a daughter, Virginia H. Black, all Salt Lake City; and two grandchildren.

Funeral services Thursday, 12:00 noon, Monument Park 1st and 2nd Ward Chap 1005 South 2000 East. Family will meet friends Wednesday, 7:00-9:00 p.m. Larkin Sunset Lawn, 2350 East

1300 South, and also at the Church one hour prior to services. Interment, Larkin Sunset Lawn. In lieu of flowers family suggests contributions to: Alberta Henry Foundation,

BM

Glen Hatch

KAUAI, Hawaii (UPI) — Former Utah state Senator and Democratic Party congressional candidate Glen M. Hatch died Saturday while vacationing in Hawaii. He was 64.

Hatch served in the Utah State from 1956 to 1960. He did not seek re-election, but ran unsuccessfully against former Rep. Lawrence Burton, R-Utah, for the state's First District congressional seat.

He was also a former Wasatch and Heber City attorney and was a member of the former University of Utah Board of Regents.

Hatch graduated from the University of Utah and University of Utah Law School. He was a partner in the Salt Lake City law firm of Biele, Haslam and Hatch at the time of his death.

Funeral services were pending. Hatch is survived by his wife, Nellie, and their two children.



Glen M. Hatch

Glen Hatch, former state senator, dies

Glen M. Hatch, 64, a lawyer and former state senator, died Feb. 5, 1983, while vacationing on the island of Kauai, Hawaii.

Mr. Hatch was a partner in the law firm of Biele, Haslam and Hatch. He was also a member of the firm Biele, Kastler, Hatch, Hurly and Emery.

A Democrat, Mr. Hatch served as a state senator from 1957 to 1960, representing Wasatch and Duchesne counties. He was Senate minority whip and in 1960 sought his party's nomination for Utah's 1st Congressional District seat.

He served as Gov. Calvin L. Rampton's first administrative assistant and as general counsel for Mountain Fuel Supply Co.

Mr. Hatch received his juris doctorate degree from the University of Utah in 1947. He was a member of Kappa Sigma, Phi Alpha Delta law fraternity and Pi Sigma Alpha political science fraternity. He served as president of the U. of U. Alumni Association and on the school's board of regents.

Mr. Hatch was a member of the State Commission on Uniform Laws and secretary-treasurer of the Alberta Henry Foundation.

He served as Wasatch County attorney for two years and as Heber City attorney and also practiced privately in Heber. He was president of the Wasatch County Chamber of Commerce and of Wasatch Mountain Parkland, secretary-treasurer of the Utah Association of County Officials, chairman of the Wasatch County Red Cross and served on the Red Cross national board and western area advisory council.

He was an initiator of the Wasatch Mountain State Park in Heber and helped obtain the building bond to construct the U. of U. law school building.

As a U.S. Army captain, Mr. Hatch served in Africa and Europe in World War II and in Japan and Korea during the Korean conflict.

Funeral services will be at noon Thursday in the Monument Park 1st and 2nd Ward chapel, 1005 S. 20th East. Friends may call from 7 to 9 p.m. Wednesday at 2350 E. 13th South, and at the ward chapel one hour before services. Burial will be in Larkin Sunset Lawn. In lieu of flowers, the family suggests contributions to the Alberta Henry Foundation, 50 W. Broadway, Salt Lake City.

GLEN M. HATCH



Glen M. Hatch was born in Salt Lake City on September 27, 1918. Educated in Salt Lake City and Los Angeles public schools, he attended the University of Utah from 1936 to 1941 and 1946 to 1947, graduating with bachelor of science degrees in military science and tactics and a bachelor of laws. He commenced the practice of

law in Salt Lake City in 1948 and moved to Heber in 1949, where he has practiced since.

He served as captain in the 189th Field Artillery Battalion, 45th Infantry Division in Africa, Italy, France and Germany during World War II, and was a captain in the 160th Field Artillery Battalion, 45th Infantry Division, during the Korean War.

Mr. Hatch is a member of the VFW, past president of the Heber Lions Club, was Wasatch County attorney from 1952 to 1954, state senator from Wasatch and Duchesne counties from 1956 to 1960, member of the Utah Legislative Council 1956 to 1960, member of the Commission on Uniform State Laws since 1959, and the minority whip of the Utah State Senate in 1959.

His wife is the former Nellie Smith of Salt Lake and they have three children, Glen, Gerald and Virginia Ellen.

HUSBAND

Glen S HATCH

1897 Place Heber, Wasatch, Utah

Born _____

Chr. _____

Marr. _____

Died _____

Bur. _____

HUSBAND'S FATHER

HUSBAND'S OTHER WIVES

WIFE

Virginia MANSFIELD

Born _____

Chr. _____

Died 1967

Bur. _____

WIFE'S FATHER

WIFE'S OTHER HUSBANDS

SEX

CHILDREN

List each child (whether living or dead) in order of birth

Given Names SURNAME

WHEN BORN

DAY MONTH YEAR

			WHERE BORN		DATE OF FIRST MARRIAGE		WHEN DIED		WIFE
			TOWN	COUNTY	TO WHOM	DAY	MONTH	YEAR	
1	Glen M	HATCH			Nellie				
2	Melvin R	HATCH							
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11									

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

WIFE'S MOTHER

WIFE'S FATHER

WIFE'S OTHER HUSBANDS

WIFE'S MOTHER

WIFE

HUSBAND

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr. _____ Place _____
 Marr. _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Bur. _____ Place _____

HUSBAND'S FATHER

HUSBAND'S OTHER WIVES

WIFE

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr. _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Bur. _____ Place _____

WIFE'S FATHER

WIFE'S OTHER HUSBANDS

CHILDREN
 List each child (whether living or dead) in order of birth
 Given Names SURNAME

WHEN BORN

DAY MONTH YEAR

WHERE BORN

TOWN COUNTY STATE OR COUNTRY

Husband

Wife

Ward

Examiners:

1.

2.

NAME & ADDRESS

Stake or Mission

D. D. HOUTZ.

Daniel D. Houtz, the district attorney for this Judicial district, first saw the light of day at Springville, Utah, March 11, 1859. He was educated in the district schools of Springville, with a two years polish at the B. Y. academy, Provo. While teaching school in Tooele county he took up the study of law, and in 1890 was admitted to the bar of this state. He moved to Provo the same year, and commenced the practice of law with Judge Wm. H. King, under the firm name of King & Houtz, one of the

most successful law firms of Utah county. In 1904 he was elected district attorney of this district on the Republican ticket. He is today one of the leading attorneys of the state of Utah.

In 1886 he married Edna Lyman, daughter of F. M. Lyman, and now has a family of five beautiful children.

SEX M F	CHILDREN List each child (whether living or dead) in order of birth Given Names SURNAME	WHEN BORN			WHERE BORN			DATE OF FIRST MARRIAGE TO WHOM	WHEN DIED MONTH YEAR	BAPTIZED HUSBAND	WIFE
		DAY	MONTH	YEAR	TOWN	COUNTY	STATE OR COUNTRY				
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11											

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

OTHER MARRIAGES

NECESSARY EXPLANATIONS

HUSBAND

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr. _____ Place _____
 Marr. _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Bur. _____ Place _____
 HUSBAND'S FATHER _____
 HUSBAND'S OTHER WIVES _____

WIFE

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr. _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Bur. _____ Place _____
 WIFE'S FATHER _____
 WIFE'S OTHER HUSBANDS _____

SEX M F	CHILDREN		WHEN BORN			WHERE BORN			DATE TO
	Given Names	SURNAME	DAY	MONTH	YEAR	TOWN	COUNTY	STATE OR COUNTRY	
1									
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6									
7									
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9									
10									
11									

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

OTHER MARRIAGES

NECESSARY EXPLANATIONS

ENTER ALL DATA IN THIS ORDER:

DATES: 14 Apr 1794

PLACES: Sharon, Windsor, Vt.

FAMILY
GROUP
RECORD

To indicate that a child is an ancestor of the person submitting the sheet, place an "X" behind the number pertaining to that child

Husband
Wife

JAMES HUGH McDONALD

James Hugh McDonald was born January 21, 1866, at Heber City, to John and Mary Lucinda Cole McDonald. He married Evelin Cluff on October 23, 1894.



James was raised in Heber and attended the city schools. He helped with the farming and stock raising until 25 years of age, then took up the study of law under his brother-in-law, William Buys. He entered the University of Michigan in 1892, from which he graduated and received his degree. He practiced law in Heber City and was city and county attorney while in Heber.

In 1901 he served a mission for the LDS Church in England. He moved to Provo and served two terms as district attorney of the Fourth Judicial District from 1912 to 1916. He also was Provo city attorney. He was a successful lawyer and a tireless worker. Ill health forced him to retire at an early age and was bedfast many years. He died at Provo, where he was buried. He was 91 years old.

James and Evelin were the parents of two sons and two daughters, Porter Hugh, Ward Cluff, Mrs. Grant (Edith) Thomas, and Mrs. Inez M. Oakley. P420-21

JAMES HUGH McDONALD

James Hugh McDonald was born January 21, 1866, at Heber City, to John and Mary Lucinda Cole McDonald. He married Evelin Cluff on October 23, 1894.

P420-421

HEBER BIOGRAPHIES



James was raised in Heber and attended the city schools. He helped with the farming and stock raising until 25 years of age, then took up the study of law under his brother-in-law, William Buys. He entered the University of Michigan in 1892, from which he graduated and received his degree. He practiced law in Heber City and was city and county attorney while in Heber.

In 1901 he served a mission for the LDS Church in England. He moved to Provo and served two terms as district attorney of the Fourth Judicial District from 1912 to 1916. He also was Provo city attorney. He was a successful lawyer and a tireless worker. Ill health forced him to retire at an early age and was bedfast many years. He died at Provo, where he was buried. He was 91 years old.

James and Evelin were the parents of two sons and two daughters, Porter Hugh, Ward Cluff, Mrs. Grant (Edith) Thomas, and Mrs. Inez M. Oakley.

HUSBAND

Richard L

MAXFIELD

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr. _____ Place _____
 Marr. _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Bur. _____ Place _____
 HUSBAND'S FATHER _____
 HUSBAND'S OTHER WIVES _____

HUSBAND'S MOTHER _____

WIFE

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr. _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Bur. _____ Place _____
 WIFE'S FATHER _____

WIFE'S MOTHER _____

WIFE'S OTHER HUSBANDS _____

PLACES: Sharon, Windsor, Vt.

ENTER ALL DATA IN THIS ORDER

DATES: 14 Apr 1794

To indicate that a child is an ancestor of the person submitting the sheet, place an "X" behind the number pertaining to that child

FAMILY GROUP RECORD

Husband
Wife

Richard L MAXFIELD



Richard L. Maxfield



RICHARD L. MAXFIELD



Richard L. Maxfield was born in Boise, Idaho, February 28, 1925, son of Richard E. and Edith R. Maxfield. Educated in Salt Lake and Provo city schools, he graduated from Brigham Young University in 1948 with a bachelor of arts degree; attended Northwestern University law school in Chicago, Illinois, and graduated from there in 1951 with a degree of juris doctor.

He was admitted to practice in the state of Utah in June, 1951; practiced law in Provo and later moved to Charleston and practiced law in Heber from April, 1953, until the present time. Veteran of World War II and the Korean War, he married Joyce Dransfield in the Salt Lake Temple on May 28, 1948. They were the parents of six children: Carol, Marilyn, William L., Claudia, Brett R. and Robert C. He was elected Wasatch County attorney in November, 1958, for a term of four years.



SEX M F	CHILDREN		WHEN BORN		WHERE BORN		DATE OF FIRST MARRIAGE		WHEN DIED		WIFE	
	Given Names	SURNAME	DAY	MONTH	YEAR	TOWN	COUNTY	STATE OR COUNTRY	TO WHOM	DAY	MONTH	YEAR
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SOURCES OF INFORMATION

OTHER MARRIAGES

NECESSARY EXPLANATIONS

Candidates

Richard Maxfield Files for Re-Election

Rep. Richard L. Maxfield, R-Provo, has filed for re-election for his position in the Utah House of Representatives.

Maxfield has served two previous terms in the House and says he will postpone an assignment that would have taken him out of the country for 18 months. He is running again to assist in the fight to "stop the excessive and uncalled for utility rate increases that have recently been granted by the Public Service Commission," he said.

During his years in office, Maxfield has been an outspoken critic of special interest legislation. He has worked to expose what he says is the waste and inefficiency in all levels of state government and to reduce spending.

Maxfield explained that when last year's flooding made it necessary for additional revenue, he supported the temporary sales tax increase, but only with a provision it would terminate after one year. In the recent Budget Session, because of that commitment, he voted against making the tax increase permanent, he said.

Education must be properly funded, but increased taxation is not the only answer, according to Maxfield. The business part of operating a school district takes a good share of the education dollar, he said. We should expect and insist that it be run efficiently, he said.

The money is not going to the teachers or for smaller classes, he said, but for the high salaries of the administrators and personnel in the state school office.

"I have tried to represent my constituents as I would want my legislator to represent me. Their interests have been foremost in all I have done, and if they see fit to re-elect me, I will try to so serve them in the future," said Maxfield.

He and his wife Joyce, are the



Richard L. Maxfield

parents of six grown children and 13 grandchildren. Maxfield was raised in Provo and is a graduate of Provo High, Brigham Young University and Northwestern Law School at Chicago.

Maxfield began practicing law in Provo in 1951 and has recently partially retired so that he could more effectively serve in the legislature, he said.

During World War II Maxfield served as a navigator on B-29's in the Pacific and was recalled for service during the Korean War where he flew 46 missions over North Korea.

He was elected Wasatch County Attorney, and withdrew prior to re-election to take his family to the Dominican Republic where he served as Associate Director of the Peace Corps for that country, and was there when President Lyndon Johnson sent American troops to the island because of a revolution. He was the last District Attorney for the Sixth District which covered Utah County and the five counties to the east.

LIVINGSTON CLEGG
MONTGOMERY

L. C. Montgomery was born October 3, 1888, in Heber City, Utah, son of Livingston and Amelia Ann Clegg Montgomery, Utah pioneers.

His early education was received in the Heber schools, completing his high school years after serving a mission for the LDS Church in the Northern States from 1909 to 1912. He attended Brigham Young University in Provo and was graduated from the University of Utah law school, coming to Heber City to practice law in 1916.

He married Edna Lodell, daughter of Joseph and Martha Lodell of Chicago, Illinois, in the Salt Lake Temple on February 3, 1921. They became the parents of two splendid sons, Robert L. Montgomery, a bank executive, and Edward L. Montgomery, a prominent attorney. There are five grandchildren.

Mr. Montgomery held many offices of trust. He was elected mayor of Heber City for one term and was a stalwart in the Democratic party in Utah. L. C., as he was called, was a fearless defender for the rights of the people of Wasatch County and served as county attorney for 22 years. He was president of the Utah Cattle and Horse Growers' Assn. for 17 years and in 1937 was named to a trade commission board by Gov. Henry H. Blood to investigate unfair trade practices. In 1941, L. C. was elected vice president of the American Livestock Assn. An outspoken positivist of the old school in the western livestock industry. Mr. Montgomery's influence was extensively felt in formulation of policies on grazing on the public domain. L. C. was a former member of the board of trustees of Utah State University and was a director of the

Commercial Bank of Utah. He was an active member of the LDS Church all his life.

His wife Edna died February 3, 1951. He married Mrs. Eva Bonner Jensen on April 28, 1952, in the Mesa LDS Temple. Mr. Montgomery passed away suddenly in the evening of July 18, 1952, of a coronary embolism, at the age of 63 years.

LIVINGSTON CLEGG
MONTGOMERY

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LIVINGSTON CLIFFORD
MONTGOMERY



L. C. Montgomery was born Oct. 1, 1888, in Heber City, Utah, son of Lavinia and Amelia Ann Cleghorn Montgomery. He is now 64 years old.

His early education was received in Heber City, completing his high school years after serving a mission for the LDS Church in the Northern States from 1901 to 1902. He attended Brigham Young University in Provo and was graduated from the University of Utah law school, returning to Heber City to practice law at first.

He married Edna Lindell, daughter of Joseph and Anna Lindell of Salt Lake City, in Salt Lake City, Sept. 1, 1911. They have three sons, Robert L. M., a lawyer, and Karl and Clifford M., who are a dentist and attorney, respectively.

Mr. Montgomery held many offices of trust. He was elected mayor of Heber City for one term and was a stalwart in the Democratic party in Utah. L. C. as he was called, was a fearless defender for the rights of the people of Wasatch County and served as county attorney for 22 years. He was president of the Utah Cattle and Horse Growers' Assn. for 17 years and in 1937 was named to a trade commission board by Gov. Henry H. Blood to investigate unfair trade practices. In 1941, L. C. was elected vice president of the American Livestock Assn. An outspoken positivist of the old school in the western livestock industry, Mr. Montgomery's influence was extensive. He fell in formulation of policies on grazing on the public domain. L. C. was a former member of the board of trustees of Utah State University and was a director of the

Utah State Bank of Utah. He was an elder in the Heber City LDS Church all his life. He died May 15, 1952, in the Mesa LDS Temple. Mr. Montgomery passed away suddenly in the evening of July 18, 1952, of a coronary thrombosis at the age of 63 years.

He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Edna Bonner Jensen on

May 18, 1952, in the Mesa LDS Temple.

Mr. Montgomery passed away suddenly in

HUSBAND

Born _____ Place _____

Chr. _____ Place _____

Marr. _____ Place _____

Died _____ Place _____

Bur. _____ Place _____

HUSBAND'S FATHER

HUSBAND'S OTHER WIVES

WIFE

Born _____ Place _____

Chr. _____ Place _____

Died _____ Place _____

Bur. _____ Place _____

WIFE'S FATHER

WIFE'S OTHER HUSBANDS

SEX M F	CHILDREN		WHEN BORN		WHERE BORN			DATE TO WHICH REFERS
	Given Names	SURNAME	DAY	MONTH	YEAR	TOWN	COUNTY	
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SOURCES OF INFORMATION

OTHER MARRIAGES

Husband
Wife

Livingston Clegg MONTGOMERY

HEBER BIOGRAPHIES

P433

LIVINGSTON CLEGG
MONTGOMERY

L. C. Montgomery

NO SHEET

RELATION OF ABOVE TO WIFE

ONLY

NO

ICIETY

NANCE DATA

SEALED (Date and Temple)
WIFE TO HUSBAND

L. C. Montgomery

SEALED (Date and Temple)
CHILDREN TO PARENTS

L. C. Montgomery was born October 3, 1888, in Heber City, Utah, son of Livingston and Amelia Ann Clegg Montgomery, Utah pioneers.

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NECESSARY EXPLANATIONS

HUSBAND

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr. _____ Place _____
 Marr. _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Bur. _____ Place _____
 HUSBAND'S FATHER _____
 HUSBAND'S OTHER WIVES _____

HUSBAND'S MOTHER _____

WIFE

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr. _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Bur. _____ Place _____
 WIFE'S FATHER _____
 WIFE'S OTHER HUSBANDS _____

WIFE'S MOTHER _____

SEX M F	CHILDREN		WHEN BORN			WHERE BORN	
	Given Names SURNAME		DAY	MONTH	YEAR	TOWN	CO
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SOURCES OF INFORMATION

OTHE

(Attorney, Judge)

Husband
Wife

David SAM

8A. Wasatch Wave Heber City, UT 84032 Thursday, June 16, 1983

Judge Sam to speak at Midway's celebration



Judge David Sam

Judge David Sam, presiding Judge of the Fourth Judicial District, will be the featured speaker at the Midway 4th of July Celebration this year. The speaker will be presided by the traditional flag raising ceremony, and followed by the chuck wagon breakfast and the 10,000 meter firecracker run. These events will all be held on the Midway Town Square, beginning at 7:00 a.m.

David Sam was born August 12, 1933 in Hobart, Indiana the youngest of 11 children of immigrant parents.

He converted to the LDS faith at age 18 before coming to Utah to attend Brigham Young University, where he graduated in 1957 with a Bachelor of Science Degree. He graduated from the University of Utah College of Law in 1960 with a Juris Doctor Degree. Judge Sam was admitted to the Utah State Bar in November, 1960, before being activated in the U.S. Air Force the following January. He was discharged in 1963 from the Judge Advocate's office with the rank of Captain.

Judge Sam was married Feb. 1, 1957, to the former Betty Jean Brennan of Grand Junction, Colorado. Both served fulltime missions for the LDS Church prior to their marriage. The Sam family now makes its home in Springville, Utah. They are the parents of 6 children, 3 boys and 3 girls. In addition to their six natural children they have also adopted 2 girls from Guatemala.

On his release from the military, they made their home in Duchesne where Mr. Sam began his law practice. He first was elected County Attorney, serving five-and-a-half years, before Duchesne County voters elected him to the County Commission for a two-year term. He also was City Attorney for Duchesne, Altamont, and

Tabiona. Judge Sam was a member of the Duchesne County Hospital Board and Utah State University Advisory Board for the Uinta Basin. He was President of the Duchesne LDS Stake for five-and-a-half years; after serving as Bishop of the Duchesne Ward for 2 years.

In April, 1973, he was named to the Board of Water Resources by Governor Calvin Rampton. He succeeded Leo Brady as the Green River District Representative. His next appointment by Governor Rampton was to the Fourth Judicial District Bench, headquartered in Provo, effective July 1, 1976. Judge Sam is presently the presiding Judge of the Fourth Judicial District headquartered in Provo and President of the District Judges Association. He was also chairman of the 1982 State Judicial Conference.

He was a Seminary Principal Duchesne for one year as well as an Institute Director for the LDS Church at the University of Colorado and at Portland State University. He also teaches a class at the BYU and has done so since 1977.

Midway's own, Richard C. Tatton (Rick) has been the Court Reporter for Judge Sam since he took the Bench on July 1, 1976.

HUSBAND

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr _____ Place _____
 Marr _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Bur. _____ Place _____

HUSBAND'S FATHER
HUSBAND'S OTHER WIVES

HUSBAND'S MOTHER

WIFE

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Bur. _____ Place _____

WIFE'S FATHER

WIFE'S MOTHER

SEX M F	CHILDREN		WHEN BORN			WHERE BORN	
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SOURCES OF INFORMATION

OTHE

(Attorney, Judge)

Husband
Wife

David SAM

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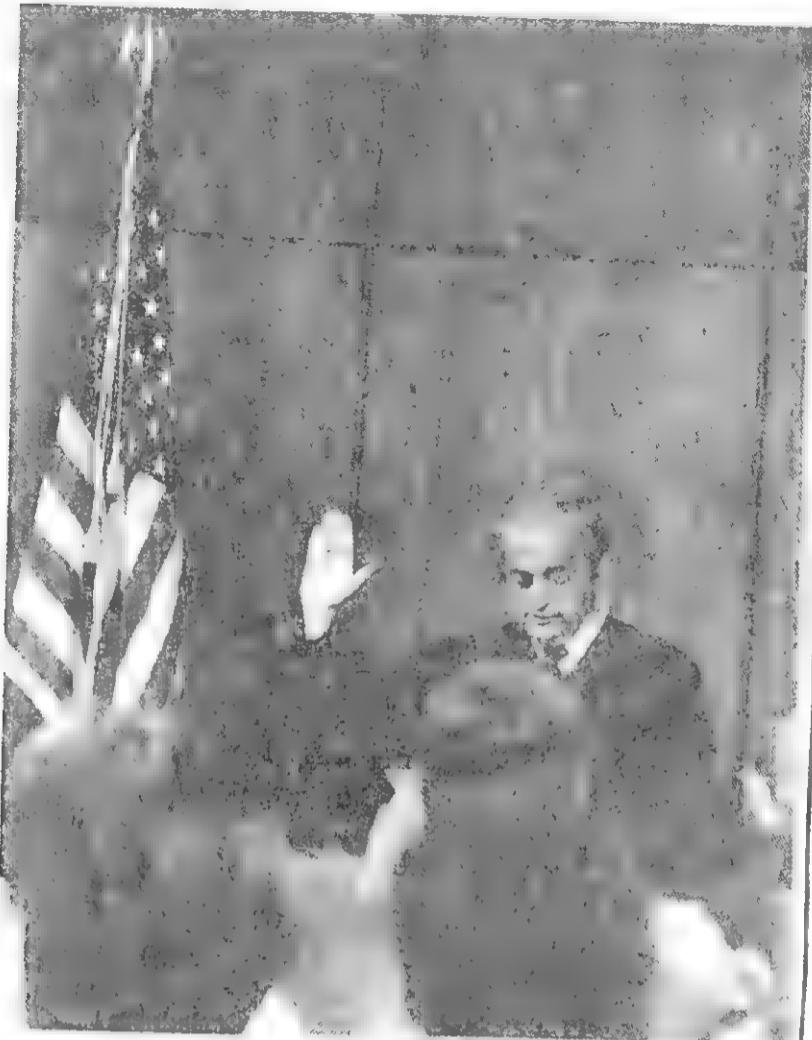
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Judge David Sam swears in a group a new citizens.

Utah Welcomes New Citizens

By JOSEPHINE ZIMMERMAN
Herald Staff Writer

Twenty-three adults and two children became naturalized citizens of the U.S. in ceremonies Tuesday tied to the July 4 celebration.

Fourth District Judge David Sam told the new citizens of the sacrifices made by his own parents to reach this country and give their children freedom. "They told us they could give us life in Romania, but they could not give us freedom, and that was more precious than life."

"My father said he did not want a knock on the door that meant some member of the family would be taken away never to be seen again."

Carl S. Hawkins, Dean of the J. Reuben Clark Law School at Brigham Young University, told the petitioners that the idea of country or nation includes many things, including the land and natural resources provided in such abundance and beauty by the hand of providence.

"They are here to be enjoyed by you as naturalized citizens must as much as by those of us who were born here."

He said the idea also includes history of the people who struggled and sacrificed to build the land and the cities, and laid the foundations for the institutions that shape our lives.

"These now become a part of your heritage."

(See CITIZENS, Page 4)

Freedom to Sam Family



Court Judge David Sam in his natural courtroom surroundings, is high on patriotism.

of life and freedom." 20 years old when his mother died. And

it reverence for the freedom we

ny fear of threats from without, but
by those who have no reverence or
ays.

the great patriots of America are
for the law and who will contribute
tion and generations to come."

Judge Sam has pictures of George Washington and Abraham Lincoln hanging in his office, along with plaques of the Declaration of Independence and other important historic U.S. documents. He believes the U.S. Constitution "is a great and glorious document, and we should support and defend it, but we don't do it by taking the law into our own hands. We do it by making alterations within the structure which are appropriate for the time in which we live.

"Freedom is the opportunity to do what we ought to do, not the license to do anything we want," he said. "I deem it a great honor and privilege to be part of the legal and judicial system of this land."

HUSBAND

George B STANLEY

Born _____ Place _____

Chr. _____ Place _____

Marr _____ Place _____

Died _____ Place _____

Bur. _____ Place _____

HUSBAND'S FATHER

HUSBAND'S OTHER WIVES

WIFE

Born _____ Place _____

Chr. _____ Place _____

Died _____ Place _____

Bur. _____ Place _____

WIFE'S FATHER

WIFE'S OTHER HUSBANDS

CHILDREN
List each child (whether living or dead) in order of birth
Given Names SURNAME

WHEN BORN

DAY MONTH YEAR

WHERE BORN

TOWN

COUNTY

STATE OR COUNTRY

DATE OF FH
TO WHOM

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

OTHER MARRIAGES

Husband
Wife

George B STANLEY

BEAUTIFUL UPON THE MOUNTAINS

GEORGE B. STANLEY



George B. Stanley was born August 9, 1899, at Park City, Utah, son of George Franklin Stanley and Harriet Hales.

In November, 1908, his father and family moved to Salt Lake City. While living in Salt Lake he caddied at the Forest Dale Country Club and earned sufficient money to purchase all his clothing. This was a great help to his parents, as they were in very poor circumstances, his father receiving barely enough wages to keep the necessities of life for the family. In December, 1911, the family again moved to Park City. In the summer of 1912 he worked on the ranch of Ezra W. Robertson, and in 1913 labored as a section hand on the D. & R. G. Railroad. From 1914 to 1916 he worked as a section hand on the Union Pacific Railroad and at the old Judge Mill at Park City.

In school he participated in athletics (football, basketball and baseball), and was graduated as valedictorian of his class in June, 1917. In the fall of 1917 he entered the University of Utah, taking a pre-legal course. In 1918 he enlisted in the navy and was ordered to report at San Diego, California, on August 22, where he served three months, after which he was discharged because of the signing of the armistice.

In the spring of 1919 his family moved to Heber Valley, where he met his future wife, Irene Marella Murdock. On April 28, 1920, they were married in the Salt Lake Temple. They raised nine children, all of which are still living. They are as follows: Lois (Mrs. John P. Breinholt), Paul, Lucille (Mrs. Paul Bether), Don, Ruth (Mrs. Darwin McGuire), Ray Burton, Lynn and Marilyn. In Heber he worked

HEBER BIOGRAPHIES

as a bookkeeper for the Heber Mercantile Company for a little over a year.

On November 19, 1922, he was sustained as a High Priest and ordained by Apostle Stephen L. Richards. At the same time he was sustained as an alternate High Councilman, being set apart by Apostle Richards. On April 15, 1923, he was ordained Bishop of the Heber First Ward by Apostle Joseph Fielding Smith and served until September 7, 1930. Just after his release as Bishop he was installed a member of the Stake High Council.

In the latter part of November, 1922, he leased the business of James C. Jensen for whom he previously worked. On December 1, 1923, he and his partner, Lee P. Kay, bought the building from Mr. Jensen. He later purchased the interests of Mr. Kay. He took a correspondence course in law from October, 1920, to March, 1931; passed the Utah State Bar examination in March, and received his license to practice law May 18, 1931. Since then he has built a very successful business in law and abstracting. This business is now known as the Stanley Title Company, which has grown from a very small office to two large offices in Heber City, also doing business in Duchesne, Uintah, Emery, Garfield, San Juan, Wayne, Daggett and Grand Counties.

AD-486-7

CESSARY EXPLANATIONS

HUSBAND

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr. _____ Place _____
 Marr. _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Bur. _____ Place _____

HUSBAND'S FATHER

HUSBAND'S OTHER WIVES

WIFE

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr. _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Bur. _____ Place _____

WIFE'S FATHER

WIFE'S OTHER HUSBANDS

CHILDREN

List each child (whether living or dead) in order of birth

Given Names SLRNAME

WHEN BORN

DAY MONTH YEAR

WHERE BORN

TOWN COUNTY

DATE OF FIRST MARR AGE

STATE OR COUNTRY TO WHOM

WHEN DIED

DAY MONTH YEAR

WIFE

Demo lawyer will run for attorney general

Democrat Joseph E. Tesch announced Saturday he is a candidate for the office of Utah attorney general.

Tesch, making his announcement during a Utah Young Democrats convention on the University of Utah campus, said, "The office of attorney general simply doesn't lend itself to partisan politics, but that is what it has been used for."

"I have a new idea. Let's get back to basics. Let's make the attorney general's office a lawyer's office."

Tesch said that since he became a lawyer in 1969, he has spent the majority of his time as a public prosecutor. He was an assistant U.S. attorney and an assistant district attorney in Milwaukee, and worked for the Salt Lake County attorney's office from 1976 to 1980. During that time he served as head of the organized crime unit, the political corruption unit and the training and policy unit.

He has also been in private prac-

tice, and was one of the defense lawyers for Marc Schreuder.

He was elected Wasatch County attorney in 1983 and is serving as training coordinator for the statewide prosecutor education program.

"It has been my view for the past few years that the office of attorney general in the state of Utah is not considered and indeed does not have the reputation of being one of the top law firms in the state," said Tesch. "That is wrong and there is no reason for it."

He said the role of a lawyer is to give prompt, competent legal advice. He likened it to a doctor, who's either a good doctor or not a very good doctor. "Whether he's a Republican or a Democrat doesn't change that."

"If a bill has cancer you say it has cancer. You don't withhold criticism because it may cause you to be in disfavor with your client," whether the client is the Legislature or the people, Tesch said.

"Anybody who has ever used a lawyer knows a lawyer's role is to give good hard-nosed legal advice, not tell the client what he wants to hear. None of that has happened under the current administration of the attorney general's office." Sometimes, he said, county attorneys do not receive an opinion they've sought for as long as a year.

Tesch said partisan politics is the reason the attorney general's office has been losing staff. Pay is low in virtually every state, he said, but other states hold their attorneys.

"The fun part of being an attorney general is that it allows you a great deal of idealism," he said. When opinions are politicized, he said, it's no longer worthwhile for attorneys to work for less than they could in private practice.

"What we really need are bright young people who are rigorous and want to give good public service."

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Husband

Wife

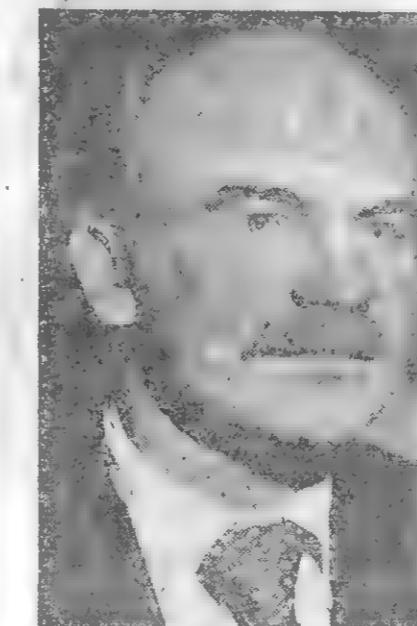
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Joseph E

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HUSBAND	



Joseph E. Tesch

Joe Tesch
County Attorney

EXCESSARY EXPLANATIONS

Wasatch's County Attorney

Tesch to Run For Utah Attorney General

At an open house held at the home of Pete and Joyce Coleman on Saturday, Joe Tesch repeated his announcement made earlier Saturday of his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for state attorney general.

Joe said the Attorney General's office should provide prompt and effective advice to state government. The present attorney general does not provide prompt advice, particularly to county attorneys, Tesch said. "The office has been politicized. Good legal opinions should have nothing to do with political considerations," he said. Tesch said that since he became a lawyer in 1969, he has spent the majority of his time as a public prosecutor. He was an assistant U.S. Attorney and an assistant district attorney in Milwaukee, and worked for the Salt Lake County attorney's office from 1976-1980. During that time he served as head of organized crime unit, the political corruption unit and the training and policy unit.

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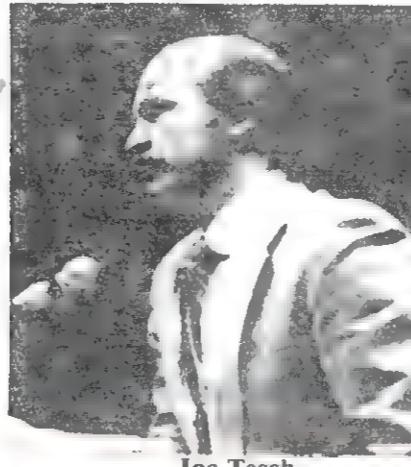
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Tesch said partisan politics is the reason the attorney general's office has been losing staff. Pay is low in virtually every state, he said, but other states hold their attorneys.

"What we really need are bright young people who are rigorous and want to give good public service."

A native of Wisconsin, Joe Tesch made Utah his home in 1976. He had a private practice in Salt Lake City until he became Wasatch County attorney in 1982.



Joe Tesch



Joe Tesch
State Attorney
General

Ambitious fighter, strong moral character, experienced prosecutor.

HUSBAND

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr. _____ Place _____
 Marr. _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Bur. _____ Place _____
 HUSBAND'S FATHER _____
 HUSBAND'S MOTHER _____

Husband

Wife

Ward	1
Examiners	2

Stake or
Mission

Abe W TURNER

NO SHEET



RELATION OF ABOVE TO WIFE

ONLY

NO

CITY

Abe W. Turner

WIFE

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr. _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Bur. _____ Place _____
 WIFE'S FATHER _____
 WIFE'S MOTHER _____

WIFE'S OTHER
HUSBANDS

SEX M F	CHILDREN		WHEN BORN			WHERE BORN			DATE OF FIRST MARRIAGE		WHEN DIED		
	Given Names	SURNAME	DAY	MONTH	YEAR	TOWN	COUNTY	STATE OR COUNTRY	DAY	MONTH	YEAR		
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ENTER ALL DATA IN THIS ORDER
DATES 14 Apr 1794

To indicate that a child is an ancestor of the person submitting the sheet place an 'X' behind the number pertaining to that child

PLACFS Sharon Windsor, Vt

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

ABE W. TURNER, city attorney of Provo, is a native of Utah and has given a very able account of himself in the profession of the law. His offices are in the Knight Block at Provo and his home is at 90 North Second Street, East.

He was born in Heber, Utah, April 26, 1893, son of William L. and Jane (Hatch) Turner. His father is a resident of Heber, now partly retired from business activities, and his work has identified him with stock raising, merchandising and banking. He was born at Heber July 31, 1867. He married Jane Hatch, a daughter of the late Abram Hatch, of Heber City and Salt Lake.

Abe W. Turner was the second in a family of six children. He attended the grade and high schools of Wasatch and the University of Utah and went east to complete his legal education in Georgetown University at Washington, where he was graduated LL. B. in 1916.

On returning to Utah he was admitted to the bar but for three years gave his time and attention to farming. In 1919 he engaged in private practice, and his abilities have made him one of the leaders of the Utah County bar. He served as a member of the City Council of Heber in 1918-20 and was appointed city attorney of Provo in 1930.

Mr. Turner is a Democrat in politics. He is a member of the County, Utah State and American Bar Associations and is affiliated with Provo Lodge No. 14, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He married, July 25, 1917, Miss Merline Roylance, of Provo, oldest daughter of William M. Roylance. They have two children, William Roylance and Dorothy Ann. *Utah - After Vol III p97*

NECESSARY EXPLANATIONS

Abe W TURNER

Sie and Temp e
1 HUSBANDSie and Temp e
TO PARENTS

ABE W. TURNER

Abe W. Turner was born on April 26, 1893, to William L. and Jane Hatch Turner. He received his early education in the Heber City schools and the University of Utah, and graduated from Georgetown University in Washington, D. C., in 1916.

In 1917 he married Merline Roylance of Provo. They lived there until Abe's appointment to the Supreme Court. Abe was widely known in Utah legal and Church affairs. He was chairman of the Utah County Democratic party, was elected judge of the Fourth Judicial District and was appointed to the Utah State Supreme Court Justice from 1940 to 1946. At this time he moved to Salt Lake City.

Abe and Merline had two children, William R. and Dorothy.

Abe died on May 25, 1947, following a short illness. *P 494*

CHAS. J. WAHLQUIST

Charles J. Wahlquist, the subject of this cut, holds the office of clerk and recorder of Wasatch County. He is courteous and obliging and is giving good satisfaction to the public generally in that capacity. He was serving his second term of two years in the office of county attorney when he was appointed by the board of county commissioners to the office of clerk and recorder to fill the vacancy caused by



the resignation of James C. Jensen and was elected to the office for the ensuing term at the last election.

Chas. J. Wahlquist was born in Sweden Feb. 5th, 1866. He came to America with his mother and one sister when eleven years old, arriving in Heber July 18, 1877. He at once began to earn his own living, and set about doing whatever he could get to do, attending the school in the winter months for some

farmer for his board. He was a resident of what is now Daniel Precinct for over twenty years where he has taken an active part in every move of a public nature and held several local offices.

He is particularly proud of the fact that as a fifteen year old boy he helped to complete the Strawberry canal and later was one of the original incorporators of the Strawberry Canal Company. He also succeeded in having the Buysville post office established with a daily mail service and was discontinued upon the establishing of the R. F. D. from Heber.

Religiously Mr. Wahlquist is a "Mormon", having identified himself with the church when but ten years of age, in his native country. He has filled a mission to Scandinavia where he labored a portion of the time as a traveling missionary in Sweden and for eighteen months in the mission office in Copenhagen as assistant editor of the "North Star", the official organ of the Swedish language. While there he also acquired a fair knowledge of the Danish language through assisting the Elders stationed in that city. Shortly after his return he married Miss Elizabeth Campbell of Heber, on August 28, 1895. Their union has been blessed with six children, five of whom are living at this date.

In Nov., 1898, he was ordained Bishop of the Buysville ward, which position he held until that ward was joined with the Daniels Ward, forming the present Daniel Ward.

Since residing in Heber he has been active in Y. M. M. I. A. and Sunday school work and at present is an alternate member of the Wasatch Stake High Council.

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WILLIAM SYDNEY WILLES

William Sidney Willes was born at Lehi, Utah, on September 5, 1858, to William Sidney Smith Willes and Alzina Lucinda Lott Willes.

When 10 years old, his father was killed in an industrial accident. Being the eldest child, he went to work to help support his mother, brothers and sisters.

When a young man, a rolling log crushed one of his legs. He spent many agonizing months, but the limb was spared and healed, with very little impairment.

He moved to Heber City, Utah, about 1880, where he was associated with A. Hatch & Co. in retail merchandising. It was in Heber City he met and later married Mary Lorintha Clyde, in the Salt Lake Temple, on November 30, 1882. To this

504

union five children were born. He spent his time at law study and was admitted to the bar entirely upon a self-study course.

His early ambitions for a career in the field of art were not to be. A mutual pact with a famous leading artist and boyhood companion for a share in the educational expense plan was never realized in his behalf, but his marvelous ability as depicted in his many paintings gave him great comfort as a pastime in his declining years.

He was a self-taught musician, playing both the violin and trumpet, and for many years was an active member of the Heber City band.

He was active in the Church, devoting much time as a high councilman. He served as Sunday school superintendent of Heber City Third Ward. Among the other varied Church activities, he served a 2½-year mission in 1904 and often referred to that experience "as the richest of all."

He was purchasing agent for the Indians on the White Rock Reservation by government appointment.

He, with Mrs. Willes, established and operated the first photographic studio in Wasatch County. They also operated for a limited time in Vernal, Utah.

He was appointed by President Grover Cleveland, September 26, 1894, as "Judge of probate in the county of Wasatch, Territory of Utah." He was attorney for the D&RG Railroad for Wasatch County many years and held several elective and appointive offices in Wasatch County.

He moved with his family from Heber City to Salt Lake City in 1918. He was juvenile judge of the Fourth Judicial District until his retirement in 1928.

He is to be remembered for his deep desire for learning and self and cultural improvement. His contribution was to the Church, community, state and nation.

He died in Salt Lake City, May 21, 1938, and was buried in Heber City Cemetery.

MARY LORINTHA CLYDE WILLES

Mary Lorintha Clyde was born in Heber City, Utah, on September 24, 1862, to George Washington Clyde and Jane McDonald Clyde. She was baptized into The Church of Jesus Christ on August 7, 1870.

in Wasatch County by circulating her own private library.

She was an active Church member and leader, serving in all auxiliary organizations. She was a dramatic and a humorous reader and entertained generously. She taught dramatics in the YLMIA, coached their plays and toured Wasatch County with her young Thespians.

She was literary teacher in the Relief Society and was feature speaker at ward and stake activities. She served her community with eagerness. One assignment of which she was ever proud was in assisting with plans for the celebration of Utah statehood.

She was the first vice president of the Utah State Federation of Women's Clubs.

In 1918 she moved with her family to Salt Lake City from Heber City, where she continued her Church services as a literary teacher, speaker and entertainer.

She organized "The Home Study Group," which has grown from its original 10 members to over 100 women who continue to study and promote Church doctrines.

She was a member of the Daughters of Utah Pioneers, Camp 11, Salt Lake County.

She was a devoted mother, with the highest principles of moral and religious obligations.

She served her community, stake and Church until curtailed by ill health in her declining years.

She died in Salt Lake City, Utah, on November 8, 1940, and was buried in Heber City Cemetery.

506

She established the first public library

505

Attorney for Wasatch Co

HUSBAND

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr. _____ Place _____
 Marr. _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Bur. _____ Place _____

HUSBAND'S FATHER
HUSBAND'S OTHER WIVES

HUSBAND'S MOTHER

WIFE _____
 Born _____ Place _____
 Chr. _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Bur. _____ Place _____

WIFE'S FATHER
WIFE'S OTHER HUSBANDS

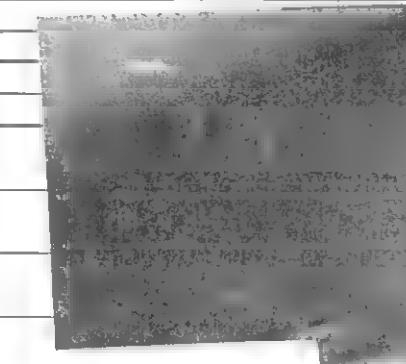
WIFE'S MOTHER

CHILDREN

List each child (whether living or dead) in order of birth
Given Names SURNAME

WHEN BORN

DAY MONTH YEAR



PON THE MOUNTAINS

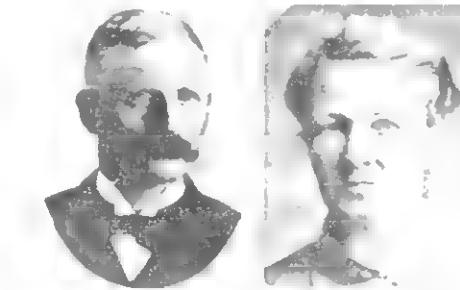
ents



Charles Wahlquist

SOURCES OF INFORMATION**HEBER BIOGRAPHIES**

**CHARLES JOHN AND
ELIZABETH CAMPBELL
WAHLQUIST**



Charles J. Wahlquist was born at Ryd, Östergotland, near Skövde, Sweden, on February 5, 1866, son of Andrew and Anna Cathrina Olofsson Wahlquist, of Västergötland.

15-1876. He attended

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WILLIAM SYDNEY WILLES

William Sidney Willes was born at Lehi, Utah, on September 5, 1858, to William Sidney Smith Willes and Alzina Lucinda Lott Willes.

When 10 years old, his father was killed in an industrial accident. Being the eldest child, he went to work to help support his mother, brothers and sisters.

When a young man, a rolling log crushed one of his legs. He spent many agonizing months, but the limb was spared and healed, with very little impairment.

He moved to Heber City, Utah, about 1880, where he was associated with A Hatch & Co. in retail merchandising. It was in Heber City he met and later married Mary Lorintha Clyde, in the Salt Lake Temple, on November 30, 1882. To this

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

ENTER ALL DATA IN THIS ORDER

DATES 14 Apr 1794

To indicate that a child is an ancestor of the person submitting the sheet place an 'X' behind the number pertaining to that child

Husband
Wife

William S

WILLIES

LIVING SHEET

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RELATION OF ABOVE TO WIFE

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SOCIETY

William S. Willes

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in Wasatch County by circulating her own private library.

She was an active Church member and leader, serving in all auxiliary organizations. She was a dramatic and a humorous reader and entertained generously. She taught dramatics in the YLMIA, coached their plays and toured Wasatch County with her young Thespians.

She was literary teacher in the Relief Society and was feature speaker at ward and stake activities. She served her community with eagerness. One assignment of which she was ever proud was in assisting with plans for the celebration of Utah statehood.

She was the first vice president of the Utah State Federation of Women's Clubs.

In 1918 she moved with her family to Salt Lake City from Heber City, where she continued her Church services as a literary teacher, speaker and entertainer.

She organized "The Home Study Group," which has grown from its original 10 members to over 100 women who continue to study and promote Church doctrines.

She was a member of the Daughters of Utah Pioneers, Camp 11, Salt Lake County.

She was a devoted mother, with the highest principles of moral and religious obligations.

She served her community, stake and Church until curtailed by ill health in her declining years.

She died in Salt Lake City, Utah, on November 8, 1940, and was buried in Heber City Cemetery.

HEBER BIOGRAPHIES

union five children were born. He spent his time at law study and was admitted to the bar entirely upon a self-study course.

His early ambitions for a career in the field of art were not to be. A mutual pact with a famous leading artist and boyhood companion for a share in the educational expense plan was never realized in his behalf, but his marvelous ability as depicted in his many paintings gave him great comfort as a pastime in his declining years.

He was a self-taught musician, playing both the violin and trumpet, and for many years was an active member of the Heber City band.

He was active in the Church, devoting much time as a high councilman. He served as Sunday school superintendent of Heber City Third Ward. Among the other varied Church activities, he served a 2 1/2-year mission in 1904 and often referred to that experience "as the richest of all."

He was purchasing agent for the Indians on the White Rock Reservation by government appointment.

He, with Mrs. Willes, established and operated the first photographic studio in Wasatch County. They also operated for a limited time in Vernal, Utah.

He was appointed by President Grover Cleveland, September 26, 1894, as "judge of probate in the county of Wasatch, Territory of Utah." He was attorney for the D&RG Railroad for Wasatch County many years and held several elective and appointive offices in Wasatch County.

He moved with his family from Heber City to Salt Lake City in 1918. He was juvenile judge of the Fourth Judicial District until his retirement in 1928.

He is to be remembered for his deep desire for learning and self and cultural improvement. His contribution was to the Church, community, state and nation.

He died in Salt Lake City, May 21, 1938, and was buried in Heber City Cemetery.

pp 504 & 505

MARY LORINTHA CLYDE WILLES

Mary Lorintha Clyde was born in Heber City, Utah, on September 24, 1862, to George Washington Clyde and Jane McDonald Clyde. She was baptized into The Church of Jesus Christ on August 7, 1870.

She established the first public library

HUSBAND

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr. _____ Place _____
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HUSBAND'S FATHER

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W. S. WILLES.

Wm. S. Willes is one of the rising
attorneys of this county, and is enjoy-

WILLIAM SYDNEY WILLES



WIFE

Born _____ Place _____
 Chr. _____ Place _____
 Died _____ Place _____
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WIFE'S FATHER

WIFE'S OTHER HUSBANDS

WIFE'S MOTHER

PLACES Sharon, Windsor, Vt.

To indicate that a child is an ancestor of the person submitting the sheet place an 'X' behind the number pertaining to that child

CHILDREN

List each child (whether living or dead) in order of birth

Given Names SURNAME

WHEN BORN

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SOURCES OF INFORMATION

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ing a lucrative and growing practice. He was born at Lehi, September 5, 1858, and came to Provo valley in 1880. He was bookkeeper for the firm of A. Hatch & Co., for about six years, when he resigned to go into the photograph business.

He married Miss Mary L. Clyde November 30, 1882, who became his right-hand assistant, not only in his home, but in his art studio. While working in his studio, he took up the study of law, and after about two years of labor with the camera and brush, turned the business over to his wife and entered the legal profession.

We was appointed probate judge of Wasatch county in 1894, by President Cleveland and served until the office was abolished by the advent of statehood in 1896. He was admitted to the bar of the supreme court of Utah in 1894, and has held the office of county and city attorney and is now assistant county attorney of this county.

William Sidney Willes was born at Lehi, Utah, on September 5, 1858, to William Sidney Smith Willes and Alzina Lucinda Lott Willes.

When 10 years old, his father was killed in an industrial accident. Being the eldest child, he went to work to help support his mother, brothers and sisters.

When a young man, a rolling log crushed one of his legs. He spent many agonizing months, but the limb was spared and healed, with very little impairment.

He moved to Heber City, Utah, about 1880, where he was associated with A. Hatch & Co. in retail merchandising. It was in Heber City he met and later married Mary Lorintha Clyde, in the Salt Lake Temple, on November 30, 1882. To this

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p 505

MARY LORINTHA CLYDE WILLES

Mary Lorintha Clyde was born in Heber City, Utah, on September 24, 1862, to George Washington Clyde and Jane McDonald Clyde. She was baptized into The Church of Jesus Christ on August 7, 1870.



She was a literary genius, a fluent speaker and a natural-born speaker, who used her talents to improve educational standards and spread the gospel.

At the age of eight, she received a set of pictures as a prize from Heber First Ward on winning a speech contest when she competed with people much older than herself. She taught school before she was 17, and, to quote her: "Many of the men in my class towered head and shoulders above me."

Her greatest joy was in teaching and counseling boys. She often said: "Give me the heart of a boy and you have given me something which lasts forever." This was demonstrated at her final rites, when men from all walks of life paid her tribute with silent tears. It was her policy to promote the underprivileged and unruly boys by putting them in positions of trust.

The Church records of Heber First Ward read as follows:

"Miss Mary Clyde, first president of the Heber First Ward Primary Assn., set apart by Bishop William Foreman on September 4, 1879.

"Released October 17, 1884. Married while in office."

This tells us she also served as charter president while 17 years of age.

She married William Sidney Willes in the Salt Lake Temple on November 30, 1882. To this union five children were born.

She and Mr. Willes established the first photographic studio in Wasatch County. It was here she supported her family and made possible the mission of her husband to England in 1904. They operated for a limited time a photographic studio at Vernal, Utah.

She established the first public library

HUSBAND

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HUSBAND'S FATHER

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Born _____ Place _____
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WIFE'S FATHER

WIFE'S OTHER HUSBANDS

CHILDREN

List each child (whether living or dead) in order of birth

Given Names SURNAME

WHEN BORN

DAY MONTH YEAR

WHERE BORN

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OTHER MARRIAGES

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David J. WILSON

DAVID J. WILSON



David J. Wilson, United States Judge, was born in Midway, October 27, 1887, a son of James B. and Margaret Powell Wilson. He gained his early education in Midway schools and then attended Brigham Young University where he obtained his B.S. degree.

At Brigham Young University he was an intercollegiate debater, was studentbody president for two years, president of the senior class and valedictorian of his graduating class. He obtained his Doctor of Jurisprudence degree at the University of California in 1919, where he served as a teaching fellow, held the Willard D. Thompson scholarship for two years and served as editor of the California Law Review.

From 1914 to 1916 he headed the English department at the Weber Academy in Ogden. He was admitted to the Utah Bar in 1919 and practiced in Ogden until 1954. He is a member of the Weber County and Utah State Bar Associations, and was Weber

County attorney from 1921 to 1925 and Second District attorney from 1929-1933. He is also a past president of the Weber County Bar, and was a member of the Utah State Bar Commission during 1953-54.

Active in Scouting work, he served as president of the Lake Bonneville Council, Boy Scouts of America and was a member at large on the National BSA Council. He holds the Silver Beaver Scouting Award.

Always active in the LDS Church, he served as a ward and stake Sunday School superintendent, was superintendent of the Weber Stake YMMIA, member of the high council in Mt. Ogden and New York stakes; bishop of the Mt. Ogden 12th Ward, member of the Mt. Ogden stake presidency, and now active in Westchester Ward of New York Stake.

He rose to national prominence in political fields. He was Republican chairman of Weber County from 1924-30, chairman of Utah's First Congressional District from

P 250

the LDS Church at Farr West, when he was eight years old, in 1837. Two years later he moved with his mother to Quincy, Illinois. About the year 1839 his mother married Elisha Averett and in 1840 the family moved to Nauvoo. To this marriage came one son, William Averett, and an infant daughter, who died at birth.

Although a young lad at the time, John Wesley labored on the Nauvoo Temple and while there had the privilege of becoming acquainted with most of the leaders of the Mormon Church. He intimately was acquainted with the Prophet Joseph Smith and his brother Hyrum, having lived with the Hyrum Smith family several years. He viewed the bodies of these two brothers after their martyrdom at Carthage jail.

He was one numbered among the many saints to be persecuted and driven out of Nauvoo in 1846, and for the next four years worked on river steamers up and down the Mississippi River.

In 1850 he emigrated to Utah and on March 27, 1851, was married to Lovina Bigelow. His records show the marriage took place about 16 miles north of Salt Lake City, which would be near Farmington or Kaysville.

Lovina Bigelow Witt was the mother of 13 children, seven boys and six girls. They were Lucy Lovina, John Wesley Jr., Robert Nahum, Anna Uدورا, Nancy, Louisa, Mary Susanna, Daniel Brigham, Sarah Elizabeth, Milton Musser, Alphonso Moroni, Franklin Leo, Dorcus Marion and Jesse Monroe.

Soon after their marriage they moved to Provo, Utah, where John Witt claims to have built the first adobe house in that city.

In the spring of 1859 he and his small family set out from Provo to pioneer Heber Valley in Wasatch County. Their family by this time consisted of five small children, the youngest being an infant just 13 days old. The way was very hard and over almost impassable trails following the winding Provo River. In some places the snow obliterated even the faint trail and made the trip extremely hazardous. At one turn the wagon, with all its contents, tipped over into the swirling waters of the river. Working quickly, Uncle Daniel Bigelow helped lift the wagon box off the family and snatched up the 13-day-old infant as it be-

vaged what they possibly could, but everything was lost except a bake oven, one sack of flour, and a chest of clothing. However, their spirits were undaunted as they gathered together what was left and courageously continued on their journey. They arrived in Heber Valley on April 29, 1859, and were among the first three or four settlers to locate there. Their first home was a rude dugout. These pioneer families considered it wise to locate in a central place and to build their cabins in fort shape, to protect them from wild beasts and savages. A large corral was made in Cliffs Hollow, where most of the cattle were guarded at night. In the daytime they were herded on the surrounding hills. In the center of the fort a meeting place was erected which served for all purposes. Nineteen families celebrated the Christmas of 1859 in Heber Valley.

In the main, these early people were not farmers, but good farmers they became. They were not military men, but soldiers they were forced to be.

Early in the settlement of the valley, trouble in the form of Indian raids began to worry the settlers. By the spring of 1866 nearly every able-bodied man in the county was engaged in active military service.

One of the first men to be appointed to active military duty was John Wesley Witt. His ability to direct men and operations was such that he was commissioned a major in the Wasatch County militia. Under his command were cavalry men who scouted the mountains for signs of hostile Indians. These raids and uprisings and attacks were part of the activity of the Blackhawk War.

Those were days of wildest romance and adventure in that isolated mountain valley of the Wasatch.

When the county was organized, February 22, 1862, John Witt was appointed probate judge by the territorial Legislature. He, in turn, appointed three more men and they were known as the county court. He held this position from 1862 until the first day of June, 1888 (26 years).

It was during Judge Witt's administration of public affairs that the most important events in the history of Wasatch County occurred

trary to the prediction that the climate was too severe, and thriving settlements were established in fertile parts of the valley.

It was also during this period that the inhabitants of the county endured hardships and privations known only or realized by pioneer settlers of a new country. Many lived in dugouts or dirt-roofed houses and ate bread when it was to be had, and went without where they could not get.

John Witt was in reality the head man in all political, municipal and business affairs in the settlement and county. He owned the first store in Heber and operated the first post office there. He not only held municipal offices, but was active in ecclesiastical work as well.

In the beginning the entire Heber Valley came under one ward. This ward was organized in 1861, with Joseph S. Murdock as bishop and John Witt as counselor. He was a brother-in-law to Brigham Young, whose wife was a sister of Lovina Bigelow Witt. Whenever President Young or other Church authorities came to Heber they were entertained at the home of John Witt. He remained true and faithful to the gospel and was a high councilman when he died. He also belonged to the prayer circle in Salt Lake.

On November 1, 1869, he married a second wife, Martha Taylor. To them were born six sons, making 19 children in all. These sons were Joseph William, John E., James Taylor, Thomas Alma, Charles and David.

On Sunday, June 30, 1907, this pioneer settler, judge and soldier laid down the cares of this life at the age of 78 years and was buried in Heber City Cemetery.

He was a man of strong convictions and one who united sound common sense with candid outspoken frankness. He was imminently fitted to mould the rude elements of pioneer society into form and consistency. His personality aided in raising to a higher standard of citizenship the population of this valley. His name will go down to posterity as among the greatest of Wasatch County citizens, as an affectionate husband, a loving father, a splendid citizen and a good neighbor. The Witt name is known for good, for achievement and

Lovina Bigelow Witt was born on March 24, 1834, at Grimsby, Cole County, Illinois, and died November 5, 1900, at Heber City.

Lovina Bigelow Witt was the daughter of Nahum and Mary Gibbs Bigelow. She was born March 24, 1834, at Coles County, Illinois, where she lived with her parents, brothers and sisters on a farm in a hewed log cabin with a puncheon floor, not sawed boards, but split from big trees and hewed off. Here they were comfortable. They had sheep, oxen, cows, pigs and horses. They had some sugar trees and made sugar in the spring from sweet syrup.

About October, 1836 or 1837, the first Mormon Elders visited her parents. They were Elders Coombs, Dibbiss and David Gamett. The Bigelow family were converted to this new gospel and moved to Nauvoo in the fall of 1843.

They bought land at Camp Creek, near Nauvoo, and began to farm. It was here Nahum Bigelow and family went through mobbings and persecution. It was here their spring of water was poisoned, when a bottle of the water was analyzed and shown to contain enough poison to kill 10 men. They were warned not to use the water when they saw a green scum on top of the spring. They moved to Nauvoo for protection and after the excitement and mobbings quieted down, President Young told the brethren go back and secure their crops, and here at Camp Creek that a neighbor, Porter, persuaded Nahum to drink

of coffee, saying it would warm him. He didn't want the coffee, but hated to hurt his neighbor's feelings, and as soon as he drank it became violently ill, but was administered to by Brother Patten and another man. He then vomited, thus getting rid of the poison. The Elders promised him he should get well and spoke in tongues, saying he would live and go to the Rocky Mountains and establish his family there. He did.

It also was at Camp Creek that James Porter and another man told the Bigelow family that the mob was coming to burn their house and kill old Bigelow and all his family. They did not feel safe, so they hid everything of value and took their beds in the corn fields

JOHN WESLEY WITT SR.

John Wesley Witt was born in McLeansboro, Hamilton County, Illinois, on February 10, 1829. He was the son of Robert and Dorcus Willis Witt, who became identified with the Mormon Church soon after it was organized. He was the second child of the family of five: Kizzie Ann B., John Wesley, Sarah Jane B., William B. and Mills, who died in infancy. His father died when he was but four years of age.

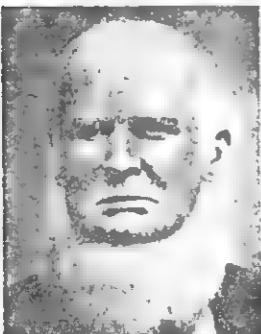
John Wesley was baptized a member of

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... AND THEY GOVERN

First



John W. Witt

HOW BEAUTIFUL UPON THE MOUNTAINS

near the bean patch, where they had pulled the beans up. Everything was dark about the beds, so the mob couldn't see, for it was cloudy. After prayers were said they laid down fully dressed, but didn't sleep, as they kept watching and listening. Soon they heard firing and loud shouting at the house and were thankful they were hidden. Lovina said, "We lay still and prayed silently." They yelled and set the bloodhounds on our tracks, but the Lord preserved us. We could hear and see the dogs running around and the mob racing through the corn fields in search of us. We got up in the night and moved our beds in the hollow. Father and Hyrum leaned on the fence and watched. The mob left about 3 a.m. and father and brother Hyrum came back to bed. When daylight came, father went to see what had been done. The house was still standing, but the windows were broken and horses' tracks were all around the house. This was the same time the spring of water was poisoned. We were the only family molested and we wondered why.

Nahum Bigelow, true to the promise in his blessing, did come to the Rocky Mountains and Utah with the William Snow or team company, arriving October 6, 1850, and settling at Farmington, Utah.

On March 27, 1851, Lovina Bigelow married John Wesley Witt. They were married at a dance by John Bare. She had a chest of clothing and John had a chest, and that comprised their possessions.

They went to make their home in Provo, where John W. built the first adobe house. They lived there until April 29, 1859, when they moved to Heber Valley. In this valley, Lovina went through all the privations of pioneer life—the cricket plague, sickness, and death. One little girl, Annie, died with croup. Little Louisa, who had been saved from a watery grave in Provo River, now drowned in the creek near their home. Robert, 20, died of a gunshot wound and through all these trials and sorrows, Lovina Bigelow was patient and courageous, never complaining. She was a most patient, loving and devoted wife. Although a cripple from arthritis many years, she never complained, but would say, "Oh, it could be worse."

During the diphtheria epidemic, when whole families died, Lovina Witt was one

who went into the homes with Sister Mary Crook and Sister Hatch, first wife of President Abram Hatch, to comfort and help the bereaved and to prepare the dead for burial.

She was the mother of 13 children, namely, John Wesley Jr., Robert Nahum, Anne Udora, Nancy Louisa, Mary Susanna, Daniel Brigham, Sarah Elizabeth, Milton Muser, Alphonso Moroni, Franklin Leo, Dorcas Marion and Jesse Monroe. Lovina Bigelow Witt died November 2, 1900, from pneumonia, at her home in Heber City. It was her request to hold services at home and not remove her body until she was taken to the cemetery. She was buried November 8, 1900, in Heber Cemetery after services at her home. Lucy Bigelow also married Brigham Young. She was the mother of Susa Young Gates, Mabel Sanborn, and a daughter, Doria.

MARTHA JANE TAYLOR WITT

Martha Jane Taylor was born in the town of Alchamoore, Lancashire County, England, on April 13, 1852. She was the daughter of James Taylor and Alice Walker, both having been born at Alchamoore. She had the following brothers and sisters: Joseph, Peter, Betty and Sarah Ann. The brother, Peter, died when a small boy, before the family left England.

Father Taylor worked as a coal miner in the mines near Alchamoore. The mother worked as a weaver in the mills before her marriage. After she commenced having children she had a little loom of her own in her home, a string was tied from the cradle to the treadle, thus rocking her baby as she worked.

Elders Orson Pratt and Orson Hyde brought the gospel to the family. The mother accepted the gospel and was baptized, but the father did not join the Church. He fought against it a long time, possibly

p 529

because he worked as a coal miner and the persecution and ridicule of his fellow workmen would be more than he could bear.

One time there was considerable persecution, but in spite of it the mother still remained firm and said, though it were written on her back that she was a Mormon so all the world could see, she would be proud of it.

Father Taylor fought against the Church for a long time after the mother had been baptized and made things very disagreeable at home. One morning, after mother had gone downstairs to get breakfast (this was a morning after he had been particularly cross and quarrelsome at her for joining the Church), she heard a terrible scuffle upstairs, just like two men were in a terrible fight. She hurried upstairs as fast as she could and found father Taylor lying prostrated on the bed. He could hardly speak for a few minutes, but finally was able to tell her that he had been fighting with the devil. He said that the evil one had suddenly appeared in the room in the form of a fine-looking man and asked him to shake hands with him, and then stretched forth his hand. Father Taylor refused and said: "Your hand is as broad as a back spittle." (A back spittle was a large paddle used to take bread out of ovens.) With that, the evil one fell upon him and a terrible struggle ensued. After this experience the father joined the Church and was faithful and true ever after.

Betty and Joseph were both married in England and left for America, settling in Pennsylvania. Their idea was to get work and save sufficient money so the rest of the family might come. Betty worked by the day, washing, scrubbing, etc.

Martha was six years old when the family left England. It took them six weeks from the time they left Liverpool, England, until they arrived in New York City. They went to Philadelphia, where the family was reunited. The family lived in Philadelphia two years, the father and brother working in the coal mines in order to save money enough to move on to Utah. Betty died and was buried in Bellview, Pennsylvania.

The family next moved to Grati, five miles out of St. Louis, where the father also worked in the coal mines. An outfit was obtained here for the journey westward.

They moved on to Florence, where they had to remain six weeks on account of Martha being stricken with typhoid fever.

They started in the spring of 1861, with an independent company, arriving in this valley in September. There were eight in the family: Father and mother Taylor, Sarah Ann, Martha, Joseph and his wife and two children. Most of them walked every step of the way. Martha was very weak from her recent illness and had to ride part of the way with other emigrants.

The Taylor family came directly to Heber, being directed this way rather than to Salt Lake. It was indeed a dreary and desolate sight that greeted them as they were told they had arrived at their destination. Coming from a thickly populated country to barren desert land dotted with only a few houses in a fort, it took quite a bit of stamina and faith to stay.

The family didn't want to remain here. Brother Joseph knew only one man and he was John Crook, whom he had known in England. He was very friendly to them and was perhaps responsible for the family staying in this valley, as they were thinking seriously of going to Santaquin, where their friends were located.

Joseph Taylor and family spent the first winter in the home of Thomas Rasband, while the father, mother, Martha and Sarah Ann lived in the home of James Carlile. These houses, of course, formed part of the fort.

With the coming of spring, the family went to live with Elisha Thomas, who lived in the eastern part of town. He was one of the first to move quite a distance from the fort.

As pay for their work they received from Elisha Thomas two cows and the piece of ground where Uncle Will Murdock's house now stands. That winter the family had their own little log house.

Father Taylor was a sufferer from asthma, due to his many years spent in the coal mines. He was therefore unable to do hard manual labor, although he was always willing. At one time he was badly in need of a load of wood, so some of the young fellows in Heber went to the river and brought him back a fine load of wood. They had a dance that night in the Taylor home to celebrate the occasion, beds and

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furniture being removed for a jolly time. Joseph Moulton, Bill Giles and Noah Mayo were among the young fellows who got the load of wood.

In 1867, Mother Taylor started to weave with a loom from a man in Midway. She made linsey, jeans and blankets. Sometimes she would get her pay two or three years after delivering the goods. She took anything and everything for her pay—wood, flour, wheat, meat, etc.

Martha went to school at the homes of Mr. and Mrs. Clark, Mary Jordan and later William Chatwin. Her schooling consisted of only a month or two out of each year. Reading and writing were the main subjects taught.

Martha was kept busy helping her mother with the spinning and weaving. Her job was to fill the spools ready for the loom. She was not kept too busy, however, for she had time to make friends with Sarah Murdock Lindsay, Aggie Watson Lindsay, the Sessions girls and Mary Gallagher Murdock.

When 18 years of age, Martha married John Wesley Witt, who was born February 10, 1892, in Hamilton County, Illinois. She was married on November 1, 1869, in the old Endowment House at Salt Lake by Daniel H. Wells. She was the second wife of Mr. Witt and went to live in his home. This arrangement proved to be very unsatisfactory and brought much sorrow to her heart. She lived there about five years, her son, Joseph William, being born during that time. She then lived in her mother's old home, where her son, John E., was born. After her mother's home was sold she moved to the west part of town, near Lynn's old home. James Taylor, Charles, David and Alma were born there. Charles and David died while small, Will and James dying after maturity, both having families.

After leaving the Witt home, Martha depended upon her own labors for a livelihood until her boys were old enough to help her.

Martha served many years in the choir and as teacher in the Second Ward Relief Society.

She had the privilege of going over part of the old Mormon trail on July 24, 1930. Where she had walked as a little girl she, on that day, traveled along, without any

effort at all, in an automobile over 300 miles. The same distance with their ox team would have required at least twenty days.

She died January 14, 1940.

MARTHA JANE TAYLOR WITT

Martha Jane Taylor was born in the town of Alchamoore, Lancashire County, England, on April 13, 1852. She was the daughter of James Taylor and Alice Walker, both having been born at Alchamoore. She had the following brothers and sisters: Joseph, Peter, Betty and Sarah Ann. The brother, Peter, died when a small boy, before the family left England.

Father Taylor worked as a coal miner in the mines near Alchamoore. The mother worked as a weaver in the mills before her marriage. After she commenced having children she had a little loom of her own in her home, a string was tied from the cradle to the treadle, thus rocking her baby as she worked.

Elders Orson Pratt and Orson Hyde brought the gospel to the family. The mother accepted the gospel and was baptized, but the father did not join the Church. He fought against it a long time, possibly

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because he worked as a coal miner and the persecution and ridicule of his fellow workmen would be more than he could bear.

One time there was considerable persecution, but in spite of it the mother still remained firm and said, though it were written on her back that she was a Mormon so all the world could see, she would be proud of it.

Father Taylor fought against the Church for a long time after the mother had been baptized and made things very disagreeable at home. One morning, after mother had gone downstairs to get breakfast (this was a morning after he had been particularly cross and quarrelsome at her for joining the Church), she heard a terrible scuffle upstairs, just like two men were in a terrible fight. She hurried upstairs as fast as she could and found father Taylor lying prostrated on the bed. He could hardly speak for a few minutes, but finally was able to tell her that he had been fighting with the devil. He said that the evil one had suddenly appeared in the room in the form of a fine-looking man and asked him to shake hands with him, and then stretched forth his hand. Father Taylor refused and said: "Your hand is as broad as a back spittle." (A back spittle was a large paddle used to take bread out of ovens.) With that, the evil one fell upon him and a terrible struggle ensued. After this experience the father joined the Church and was faithful and true ever after.

Betty and Joseph were both married in England and left for America, settling in Pennsylvania. Their idea was to get work and save sufficient money so the rest of the family might come. Betty worked by the day, washing, scrubbing, etc.

Martha was six years old when the family left England. It took them six weeks from the time they left Liverpool, England, until they arrived in New York City. They went to Philadelphia, where the family was reunited. The family lived in Philadelphia two years, the father and brother working in the coal mines in order to save money enough to move on to Utah. Betty died and was buried in Bellview, Pennsylvania.

The family next moved to Grati, five miles out of St. Louis, where the father also worked in the coal mines. An outfit was obtained here for the journey westward.

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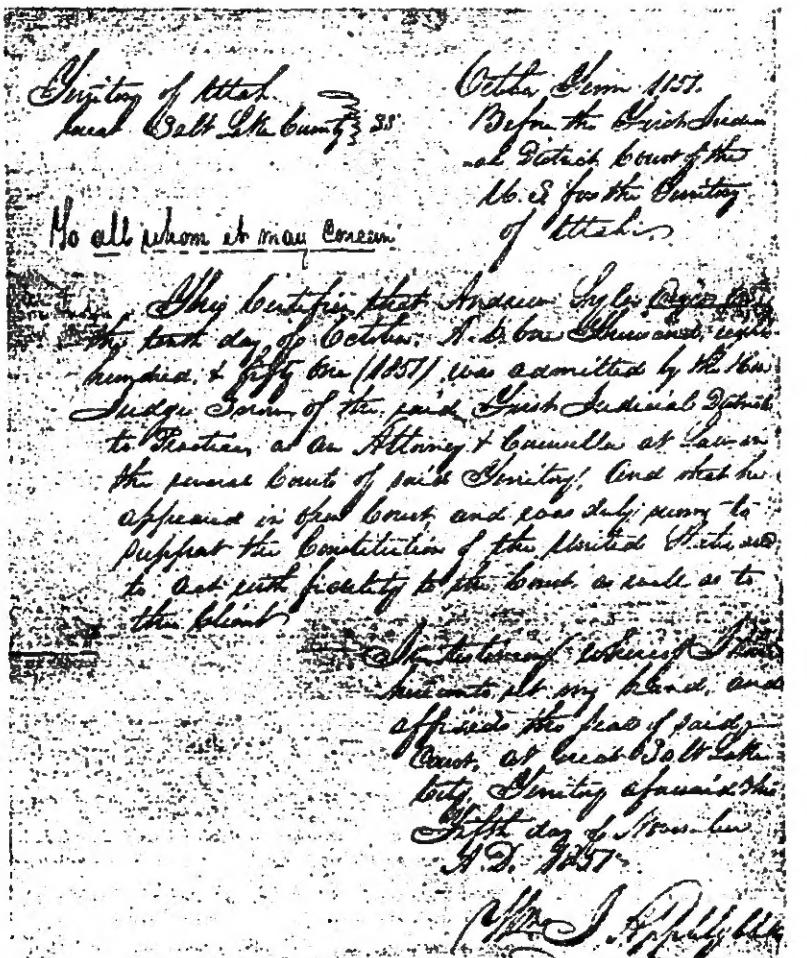
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Early in the life of Wasatch County provisions were made to create a satisfactory county government. John Witt was appointed Probate judge by the Territorial Legislature on February 22, 1862. Judge Witt, in turn, appointed Thomas Todd, James Duke and John H. Van Wagoner as Selectmen. These men were known as the County Court. It became the duty of this court to appoint officers to man the various departments necessary to good government. The appointees were as follows: Sheriff, Snelling M. Johnson; Assessor, John Harvey, Sr.; Surveyor, John Sessions; Prosecuting Attorney, Charles N. Carroll; Superintendent of Schools, Thomas H. Giles; Justice of the Peace; *p293*

Attorney Charles N. Carroll left Wasatch County about 1885 and settled in Orderville. After William Buys, Sr., graduated from the University of Utah in 1878, he came to Wasatch as a schoolteacher. While teaching he married Sarah Jane McDonald, and a year after his marriage he began to study law. He was elected County Attorney, which office he held for twelve years. William Buys, Sr., was a member of the Utah Bar Association and also of the Constitutional Convention of the State of Utah.



Thomas Rasband with Zermia Palmer, Constable of Precinct No. 1; Norton Jacobs, Justice of the Peace and Sidney Epperson, Constable of Precinct No. 2; Treasurer, John M. Murdock.

In the early days of Utah a person was fined so much if he took the name of the Lord in vain. At one time two men got into an argument and one of the men called the other a profane name. When he was taken to court he was fined \$15.00 for using such language.

—Ethel D. Johnson.

PIONEER WOMEN LAWYERS

Judge Florence Collenwood Allen was born in Salt Lake City March 23, 1884, the daughter of Clarence Emir and Corinne (Tucker-man) Allen. She came from a family of Ohio pioneers who moved to Utah and later back to Ohio where her father became a professor of Greek and Latin at Western Reserve University. Judge Allen attended school in Salt Lake City until 1899. She was ready for college at the age of fourteen. After moving to Ohio she attended Western Reserve University and was graduated with a B.A. degree in 1904; an M.A. degree in 1908. She became proficient in music and also interested in law.

Western Reserve University did not admit her in the law department because of her sex. She attended New York University and received her degree in law in 1913. Judge Allen is a national honorary member of the Delta Kappa Gamma, a society for women educators. The spring number of the Delta Kappa Gamma Bulletin of 1953 published a short sketch of her, the title, *Happy and Wise*. It states:

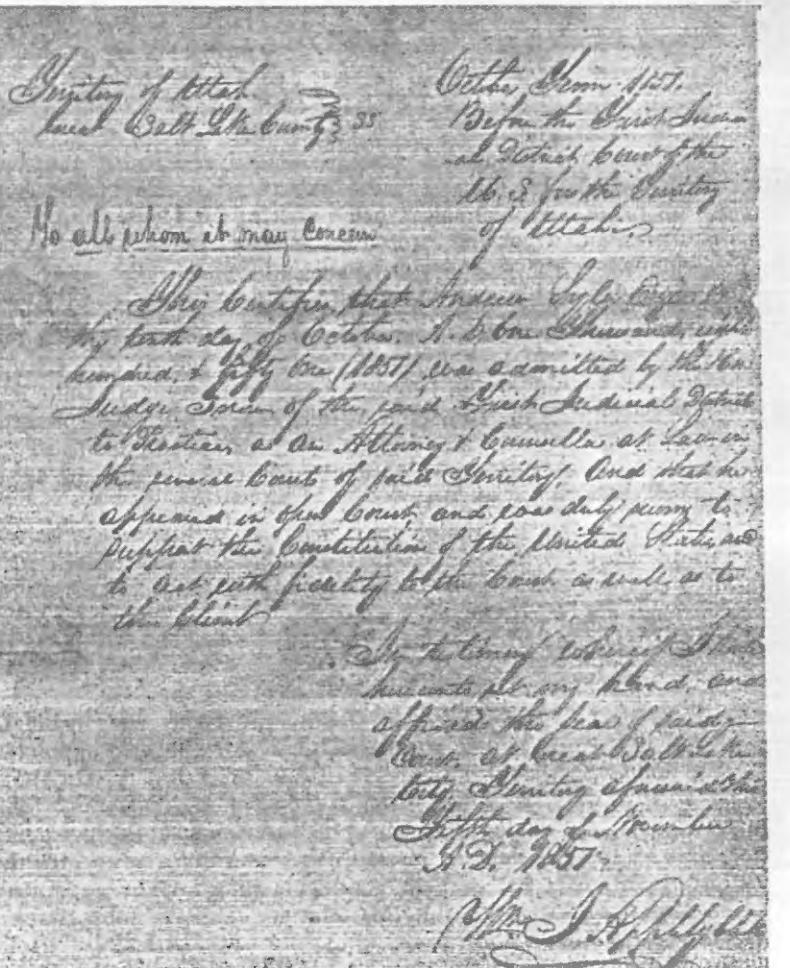
"She was the first woman to be the assistant county prosecutor of Ohio. She was the first woman to sit in a court of general jurisdiction. She was the first woman to preside as judge in a court of last resort. She was the first woman appointed to a Federal Circuit Court of Appeals. . . .

"The story of her legal career is a story of the persistence of a scholarly, splendid woman who knew what she wanted and who knew that if sufficient persistence were hers, she would arrive. She is liberal, unprejudiced, unbiased, with a profound belief in social justice. She says simply, 'That's why I'm in law. I am interested in its significance. It is one of man's important tools to permit better living together.' Her volume on *This Constitution of Ours* is a splendid, illuminating, scholarly treatment, always interesting, and at times eloquent. Her colleagues note that she is extraordinarily well informed on every case, because before she comes to court she has read every brief which must be considered. She more than holds her own in a field where only a generation ago women were not wanted. Judge Allen is a powerful speaker, extraordinarily eloquent."

She has published *Treaty as an Instrument of Legislation*. In 1937 she wrote the opinion for the Circuit Court of Appeals upholding the constitutionality of the Tennessee Valley Authority, and presided over the meeting held in Chattanooga. She is one of the six judges in the Sixth District of the Circuit Court of Appeals. This court hears civil cases from the federal district and tax courts.

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EN LAWYERS
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